

# The Hongkong Telegraph

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THURSDAY, JUNE 10, 1948.

## No Birthday Parade

Rain this morning caused the cancellation of the King's Birthday Parade which was to have taken place at Happy Valley.

In spite of the weather, certain detachments including the Royal Navy, had taken up their positions, while the field guns were also ready in place for the firing of the Royal Salute.

Even as late as 8.45 some people, braving the elements, were arriving at the Jockey Club Stands only to see the last of the field guns being removed from the parade ground.

## Death Of Mr Bertie Muskett

Mr H. W. B. ("Bertie") Muskett, an old and highly respected resident, died this morning at St Teresa's Hospital, after an illness of some months.

He was 55 years of age.

Mr Muskett came to Hongkong from Singapore as a child and completed his education in Hongkong.

Leaving school, he joined Messrs A. S. Watson & Co., but shortly afterwards left to join the Hongkong Electric Company, with whom he has been associated for about 31 years.

A keen sportsman, the late Mr Muskett played cricket for Craigenhower in his younger days, was a first-class cricketer for the V.R.C. and later devoted much attention to lawn bowls, playing in the league for the Hongkong Electric.

Mr Muskett leaves a widow and two children, who are at present in Australia.

The funeral will be held tomorrow at a time yet to be fixed.

## PIGEON HUNTING IN MONTMARTE

Paris, June 9.—The Police today fined musician Georges Bohin— for violating French hunting laws in the heart of Paris' teeming Montmartre district.

Bohin, according to the Police, lured pigeons with handfuls of bread crumbs and then hit them on the head with bat.—United Press.

## EDITORIAL

### 60 Men And A Child

WHEN, some months ago, this paper exposed to the public the appalling conditions under which prisoners were kept in the detention cells at Central, there was much hurrying and scurrying by various departments to give the cells at least an outward appearance of decency. Walls and floors were cleaned more regularly and women were segregated from men. The fundamental weakness remained, however: namely, the total inadequacy of the cells in respect to space, lighting and ventilation. Not only is there any improvement or the contrary a new scandal has come to light. This week in a detention cell, whose measurements permitted officially nine inmates were crowded on one day 60 men and a little girl of three years old. The child's father was in the cell awaiting deportation; the girl, possessing no mother or other relatives, had to be kept with him. She was held in these detestable surroundings for several hours and was only freed from her torture when the father pleaded that the child was ill. From the overwrought, evil-smelling, stinking hole of shame and indignity she was taken to the charge room where she was able to dose down, obtain some fresh air, and be given some milk. This horrifying story points a finger of condemnation not only at the complete inadequacy of the detention cells in Central, but at the crass stupidity of officials who can permit a child of three to be herded together for hours on end with 60 fully grown men (all criminals of varying degrees) in an area approved only for nine people. Nor can we find any justification for such shocking overcrowding. Judged by general standards, elsewhere the Central

## Bernadotte To Call A Peace Conference

## Palestine Fighting Ceases Tomorrow

Cairo, June 9.—Count Folke Bernadotte announced tonight a four-week armistice in Palestine will start at 6 a.m. GMT on Friday. Count Bernadotte, United Nations Mediator, immediately asked military observers to supervise the cease fire.

He announced a peace conference to attempt to permanently end the bloodshed in the Holy Land.

He said Arab and Jews have accepted the UN truce proposal without conditions.

Count Bernadotte said he will call a peace conference as soon as possible on the neutral Mediterranean island of Rhodes, a Greek possession. The conference would attempt to mediate the long range issues involved in the Palestine war.

Mr Trygve Lie, Secretary General of the UN, said at Lake Success that Count Bernadotte was seeking six coast patrol vessels and 63 military officers to supervise compliance with the cease-fire terms. The mediator will establish his headquarters on Rhodes. This is about 550 miles from Jerusalem.

Secretary-General Lie said under present arrangements, the United States, France and Belgium will supply both the ships and the military observers.

This apparently rules out, at least temporarily, a Russian request that they supply some of the military observers.

### TEAMS ACCEPTED

Count Bernadotte announced Arabs and Jews had accepted the cease-fire terms. Trans-Jordan had already ordered its commanders and forces in the field to cease fire as from the hour and date fixed."

The mediator's announcement was made public in the form of a letter to the Egyptian government, which Premier Nokrashy Pasha received.

Announcement of the cease-fire hour raised hopes that at last after six tries—the UN would succeed in bringing at least a temporary peace to the Holy Land. It has been torn by strife for two years and by open warfare since May 15. It was realised that even if an actual cease-fire goes into effect, there may be many outbreaks which would endanger the armistice.—Associated Press.

## Hongkong's Airport

London, June 9.—Proposals for the construction of a new airport at Hongkong are being "urgently considered" by the Colonial Office, other Government departments and the Hongkong Government.

Mr Arthur Creech Jones, the Colonial Secretary, said this in reply to a question in the House of Commons today.

When Mr Anthony Eden, Conservative, said he hoped that financial considerations "would not be final in this matter," Mr Creech Jones replied: "The House may take it for granted that, for all practical purposes, the financial matter is now settled."

He added that he was "fully aware of the inadequacy of the present arrangements" at the airport.—Reuter.

## 17 YEAR-OLD GIRL TAMES A BURGLAR

Breckford, England, June 9.—Shapely Evelyn Constance Wright, 17, told the Court today how she tamed a house burglar.

Miss Wright was awakened around midnight on May 14 by a flashlight in her eyes. She saw a man with a gun.

"He said if I didn't keep quiet he would shoot," she said. "He told me to get out of bed and take my pyjamas off. I refused at first, then he took my coat off. He put his pistol down and twice attempted to hit me under the chin. The first time he caught me a glancing blow. I threw myself on him and he fell on the bed. This awakened my sister, who was in her bed, and she called out. I told her it was a nightmare as I did not want her to be frightened."

"I lay on the bed and he lay beside me and dozed off to sleep. He was quiet and I was not really frightened then. He woke me up just before 2 a.m. We had a conversation and eventually he left, about five, through the front window. He promised me he would give himself up to the police."

The burglar, 17-year-old George Cammach, kept his word. He gave himself up at the first police station—United Press.

## H.K.'s New Knight



The King's Birthday Honours List issued today is notable for the conferment on the Hon. M. K. Lo of a knighthood. Sir Man Kam Lo (above) receives this honour for long and meritorious public service.

## DEPUTIES IN PITCHED BATTLE

Rome, June 9.—Three deputies were injured in a 20-minute pitched battle between Christian Democrats and Communists in the Italian Chamber of Deputies tonight. At least 200 members were involved.

Fists, feet and furniture were freely used during the battle, which occurred during a debate on the Government's programme.

While the Chamber President rang the strident electric alarm bell, signalling the suspension of the session and that the Chamber Hall should be cleared, the deputies wrestled on the floor.

Inkwells and heavy leather despatch cases were hurled across the room.

The tumult arose during a bitter exchange of epithets in which the Communists alluded to the Vatican influence on the Christian Democrats.

Government supporters replied equally insultingly. The Communists and extreme Socialists then left their seats in a solid group and charged the Government benches.

Signor Alcide de Gasperi, the Christian Democrat Premier, and his main political opponent, Signor Palmiro Togliatti, the Communist leader, both watched the battle.—Reuter.

## Rice Price Hits New Peak

Shanghai, June 10.—Continuing its spectacular rise, the price of rice this morning reached the all-time peak of CN\$6,300,000 per picul, compared to only \$6,000,000 last week.

Rice merchants blame curtailed shipments from the hinterland for the unprecedented price spurt.

During the past few days, rice and cotton yarn (which increased 15 percent in price yesterday) have become pleat commodities in the current price spiral.

Another reason for the price jumps is the rumour that a new currency, known as "silver dollar notes" worth about \$700,000 of the present currency, will be issued in two months' time.—Reuter.

## New Currency For Western Germany

Frankfurt, June 9.—Some time this month the Western Allies will fulfil their promise and give the Germans in their Zones a new money in exchange for the near-worthless reichsmarks, authoritative German sources said today.

This will be the most decisive move for Western Germany's economic reconstruction since the war. The mark will once again be the main medium of exchange.

The new money is expected to work a near-miracle on the stricken German economy.

Most important result will be abolition of blackmarketing in Germany, expected within three months. Cigarettes will then no longer be the main medium of exchange.

Increased production induced by "hard" profits.

Other results of the new money will be:

1. Reduced prices—nobody will be able to pay today's high inflation prices in marks. Prices jumped here after consumer goods production dropped and the reichsmark has been worth about one-tenth of its original value.

2. A sufficient supply of consumer goods—industry withheld almost 80 percent of its production for this event. The present sellers' market will become a buyers' market.

3. Tax reform is scheduled to follow shortly after the issue of the new money. Income as well as property taxes will be reduced.

This will lead to a lower State income and result in extensive dismissal of staff.

At the first sign of an imminent money conversion, blackmarket operators in this Bizonal capital have held back their goods, while prices have jumped. Nobody wants to cash the worthless marks immediately before reform.—United Press.

## BRITAIN & U.S. ACCEPT 6-POWER AGREEMENT

## Invitation To Russia

London, June 9.—Britain and the United States tonight announced their acceptance of the six-power London agreement on Germany, while the French Foreign Minister, M. Georges Bidault, was fighting for the life of his Government in defence of the plan.

M. Bidault won his first victory tonight when the National Assembly's Foreign Affairs Commission approved the plan by a one-vote majority. The narrow vote, also a motion of confidence in the administration, came after the Commission had "cross-examined" the French Foreign Minister for three hours on the London pact. It is expected that the full French Assembly will give its approval by a small majority when the crucial vote is taken on Friday, Reuter Paris cable said.

Announcing their acceptances, the London programme will stand the test of experience and that it conditions can be developed for its application to Germany as a whole, it would resolve the issues which have, thus far, divided Germany under the occupation powers and would, thereby, remove the principal obstacle to the development of peaceful Europe."

He insisted, however, that Russia must first guarantee individual liberties and freedom of trade, agree to a joint export-import programme and halt reparations.

### FRANCE FEARS

Mr Marshall told Parliament that the British approval of the plan did not mean an abandonment of the hope for four-power agreement.

He said: "We are still in favour of the economic and political unity of Germany, but that must be established on proper principles."

Mr Marshall recognised as "easily understandable" the French fears of a revived German militarism which underlie the hostile criticisms M. Bidault is facing in Paris.

The French Foreign Minister spent three hours defending the agreement before the National Assembly's Foreign Affairs Commission. As a result of his efforts, lobby circles said, it was expected that the French National Assembly would approve the plan by a small majority when it is put to the vote on Friday.

The French Cabinet was reported to be divided tonight on the question of joining the proposed currency reform for Western Germany.

In Berlin today, the Soviet authorities finally rejected a British request that the Russians should evacuate Berlin's broadcasting house situated in the British sector.

The Soviet Chief of Staff, Lieutenant General Mihail Dravkin, said the British claim was "baseless" because the radio, which serves the British zone, has been under Russian control since before the British troops entered Berlin.

### MEETING POSTPONED

The three Western commanders in Berlin agreed tonight to postpone the next meeting of the Allied Commandatura from June 11 to June 16. The Russian commander, General Alexander Noklikov, informed the British, French and United States commanders that he was ill and would not be able to attend a meeting next Friday.

His deputy, Colonel Alexis Yelizarov, also could not attend then, since, it was stated, "he had not the time to inform himself on the matters under discussion."

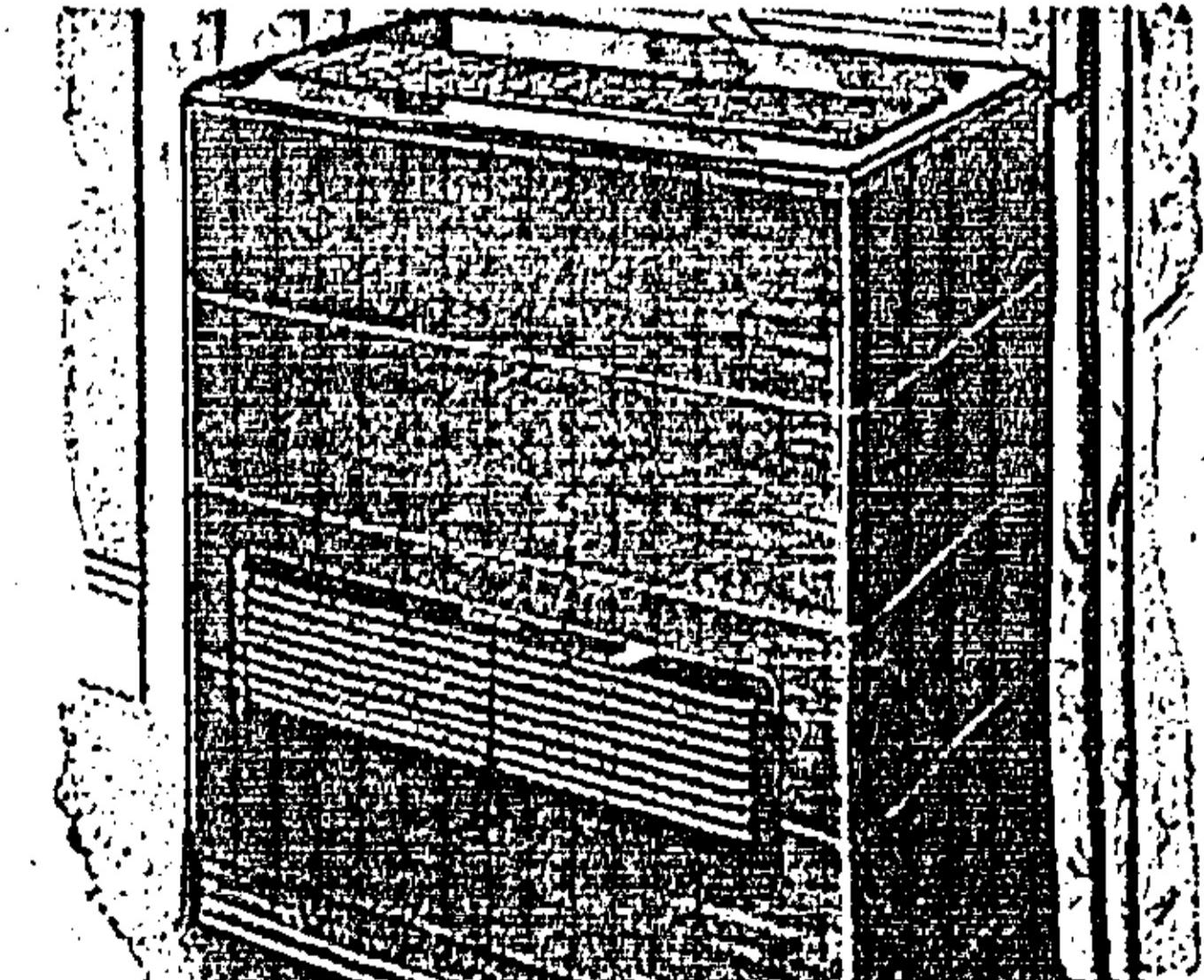
A British spokesman in Berlin said tonight that all the items on the agenda had been very fully discussed at previous meetings attended by Colonel Yelizarov.

Mr Marshall, in his Washington press conference, said that the United States has consistently held that the political unity of Germany.

Mr Marshall believed that the constitution for a Federal Germany to be drawn up by the Germans themselves would "insure the normal functioning of free political institutions."

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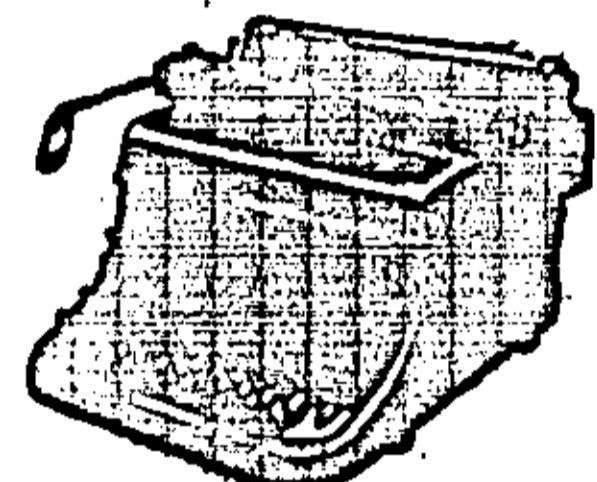
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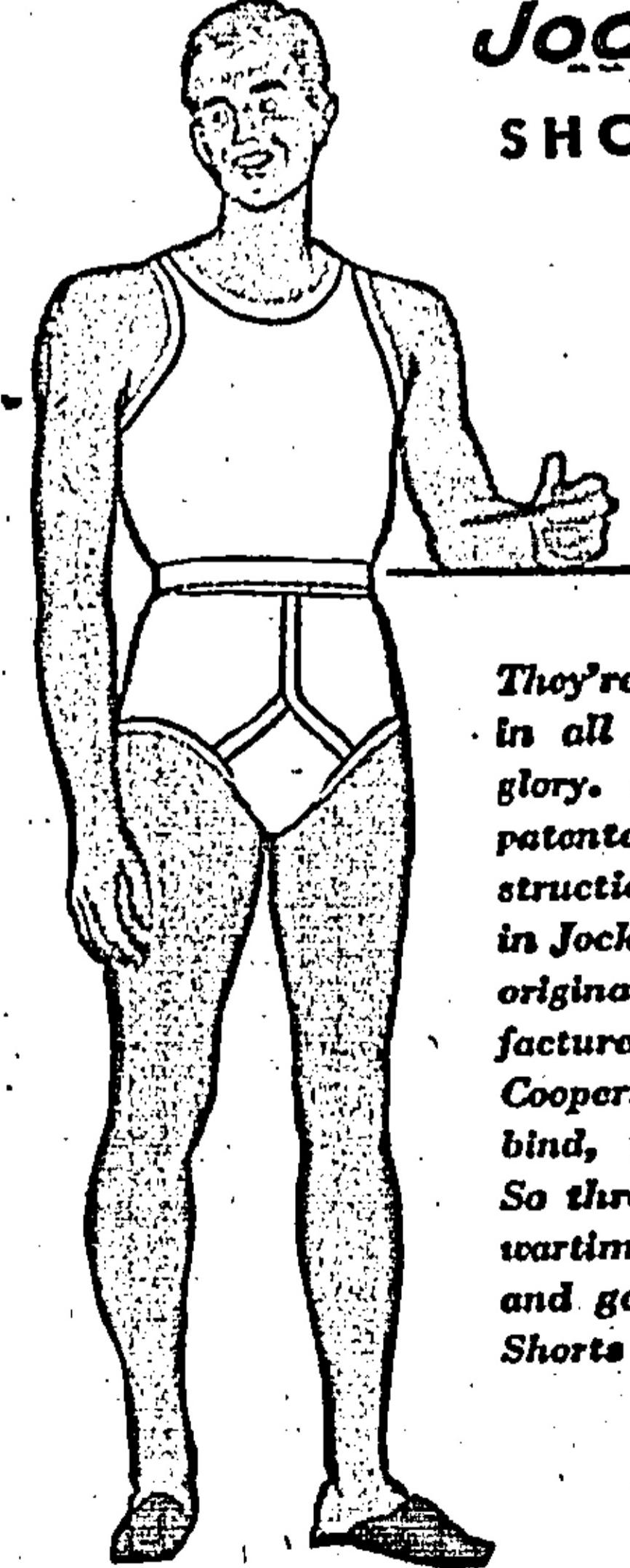
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## WOMANSENSE

### ALL WORK AND NO PLAY

By HERMAN N. BUNDESEN,  
M.D.

ALL work and no play has never seemed to be a good plan for living. And in these high-tension modern days, when nearly everybody works under stress of one kind or another it is particularly bad.

It has often been said that hard work can harm nobody; that it is never responsible for physical or mental breakdowns. And yet Dr. Charles R. Rayburn of the University of Oklahoma Medical School thinks that heavy, prolonged responsibility, plus long hours of hard work, with little rest or recreation, may eventually lead to a condition which he calls Mental Fatigue Syndrome. A syndrome is a group of symptoms.

#### Servicemen in Combat

The symptoms of this condition are those which developed in servicemen during combat or in airmen after prolonged aeroplane flights.

In this so-called mental fatigue syndrome there are changes in the personality. The condition often develops in persons who have a strong nervous make-up and who, consequently, may have been given extra responsibilities. The patients complain of a variety of physical disturbances, such as vague pains in various parts of the body, headache, and fatigue. But despite their complaints they resent sympathy and attention. They often try to be alone.

As a rule, the symptoms are worse in the morning, while the patient feels better in the early afternoon. These patients are not worried about themselves, but they are restless, brittle, and unable to concentrate. Frequently, they are depressed. Most of them will recover completely when their responsibilities are decreased and they are freed, in so far as possible, from fear, anxiety or emotional strain.

In all walks of life, recreational habits are important. This in itself will do much to ward off the so-called mental fatigue state.

#### Another Condition

The mental fatigue state must not be confused with another condition, called neurasthenia, which develops in people suffering from emotional disturbances. These persons do not have a strong nerve system and easily break down even under the problems of ordinary life.

The person with mental fatigue will recover with proper treatment. The one with neurasthenia often recovers much more slowly. The neurasthenic is anxious about himself and his physical health. He seeks sympathy at all times, and may go from physician to physician, looking for advice and medical counsel. Hence, when the symptoms of mental fatigue develop, the need of a specialist is advised.

### THE ROGUISH ROLLER



By ALICE ALDEN

YOUNG, BLITHE and full of glee—with a deep crown and softly-softly—that's the roller, a hat cushioned brim. Navy blue gros-grain band and streamers punctuate Portnoy's contribution to her version of ed by a spike of cherries tell a this popular hat, a model in natural uprightly, trimming story.

### RED RYDER



Slow but Sure, Though

## When Nails Are Dry, Brittle



If you suffer from a sensitivity to nail polish or remover, there is a special line of cosmetics with hypo-allergenic qualities.

By HELEN FOLLETT

IT must be plain to every good looks seeker that when the finger nails are brittle, lack lustre and break constantly they have been robbed of the natural oil. In such cases the surrounding cuticle is likely to be dry and hangnails appear. Friction with a cuticle cream is of benefit, or mineral oil can be applied. Inasmuch as the nail grows from the root, gets its nourishment from the matrix, or nail bed, the cannot penetrate if the skin has been allowed to grow up and cling to the nail fabric.

#### Greco Gains Plaudits

Both Mr Greco and Pilar Lopez, faithful to the memory of La Argentina, have produced all their ballets with the billboards announcing "Choreography by Argentina." They have, in fact, gone ahead developing their own, Pilar with Los Caballos, a choreographer filled with solaces and seurlysins, in which she has also triumphed as flamenco-dancer, with the three, Greco, Vargas and Vega, playing up to her.

Mr Greco's own ballet, "Andalusian Flirtation," has become a favourite to Spanish audiences everywhere, with Mr Greco and his young American wife (of Arabian descent), Nila Amparo, dancing the principal roles to the music of Sentimiento.—Christian Science Monitor.

## BOYS' AND GIRLS' MAGAZINE

### Mr. Punch's Unusual Goldfish

—It Wanted to Get Out of the Bowl and Walk—

By MAX TRELL

"Did you ever keep goldfish, Mr. Punch?"

Mr. Punch, who was trying to thread a needle in order to sew back a button on his coat, didn't seem to hear the question.

So Knarf, the shadow-boy with the turned-around name, repeated: "Did you ever keep goldfish, MR. PUNCH?"

At this Mr. Punch looked up with a start and nearly stuck himself with the needle. Then he smiled.

"Goldfish?... Ah yes, certainly I kept goldfish. They were my favorite pets. Once I had a goldfish named Walking Willy."

"Walking Willy!" exclaimed Knarf in astonishment. "That's a funny name for a goldfish."

"Indeed it is," Mr. Punch agreed. "But it was a funny goldfish. It always wanted to take a walk."

"I never heard of such a thing," said Knarf.

#### Couldn't Blame Him

"Well," said Mr. Punch, "you could hardly blame him for wanting to take a walk. There he was, in a little aquarium standing near the window. He could look out and see the gardens—see the birds flying, and the insects hopping, and the butterflies fluttering, and the snails crawling, and the children running. And all he could do was to swim round and round his little aquarium."

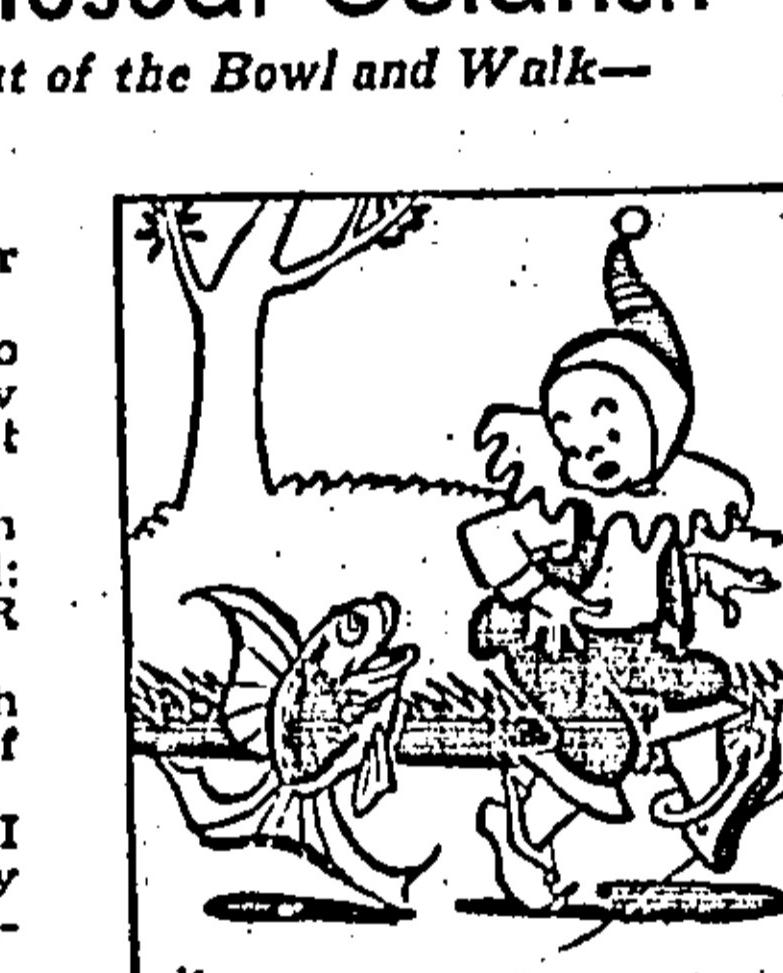
"So he got tired of it after swimming round and round it for three or four years. And all he could think of was how much fun it would be to jump out and take a walk. Everytime he heard my mother say to me: 'Punch dear, would you mind walking to the grocer's and getting a dozen eggs?' he'd dash up and down. I could see his mouth opening and shutting, as though he were trying to speak."

"And the curious thing was," Mr. Punch went on: "he was trying to speak. Once I put my ear close to the glass side of Willy's aquarium and listened."

"What was he saying?" Knarf asked eagerly.

"He was saying—'Willy wants to walk. Willy wants to walk!' Naturally, I was surprised. It was not only the first time I had ever heard a goldfish speak, but the first time I had ever heard one saying he wanted to take a walk."

"Well, I tried to tell him that was impossible. I shook my head. I



The fish followed Mr. Punch down the road.

## POSERS?

### EVERYBODY'S PENNIES

Are you worth your weight in gold? See if you can give the name of the coin used by these 10 different countries. The sentences will give hints to help you. Correct answers are below:

1. Did you ever wear a garland around your neck in Rumania?

2. There is a withered old woman in Czechoslovakia.

3. You don't have to go to Peru to study about the seventh sign of the zodiac.

4. Simon —, born in Venezuela, was often called "the liberator of South America."

5. People of France are said to be as candid as the coin of their country.

6. A citizen of The Netherlands who brightens or embellishes something is what?

7. Bad leaders left an evil imprint on Germany.

8. Do they have inclosures for dogs in Egypt?

9. In a letter to Costa Rica the student left out which punctuation mark?

10. This coin of Greece gave its weight to one of the apothecaries' weights.

### POSER ANSWERS

9—Colombia, 10—Draehmina (drachma).

6—A guilder, 7—Marie (marie).

1—Lel, 2—Krone (krone), 3—

4—Bolivar, 5—Franc (franc).

8—A lira, 11—Draehmina (drachma).

7—A lira, 12—Draehmina (drachma).

13—A lira, 14—Draehmina (drachma).

15—A lira, 16—Draehmina (drachma).

17—A lira, 18—Draehmina (drachma).

19—A lira, 20—Draehmina (drachma).

21—A lira, 22—Draehmina (drachma).

23—A lira, 24—Draehmina (drachma).

25—A lira, 26—Draehmina (drachma).

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101—A lira, 102—Draehmina (drachma).

103—A lira, 104—Draehmina (drachma).

105—A lira, 106—Draehmina (drachma).

107—A lira, 108—Draehmina (drachma).

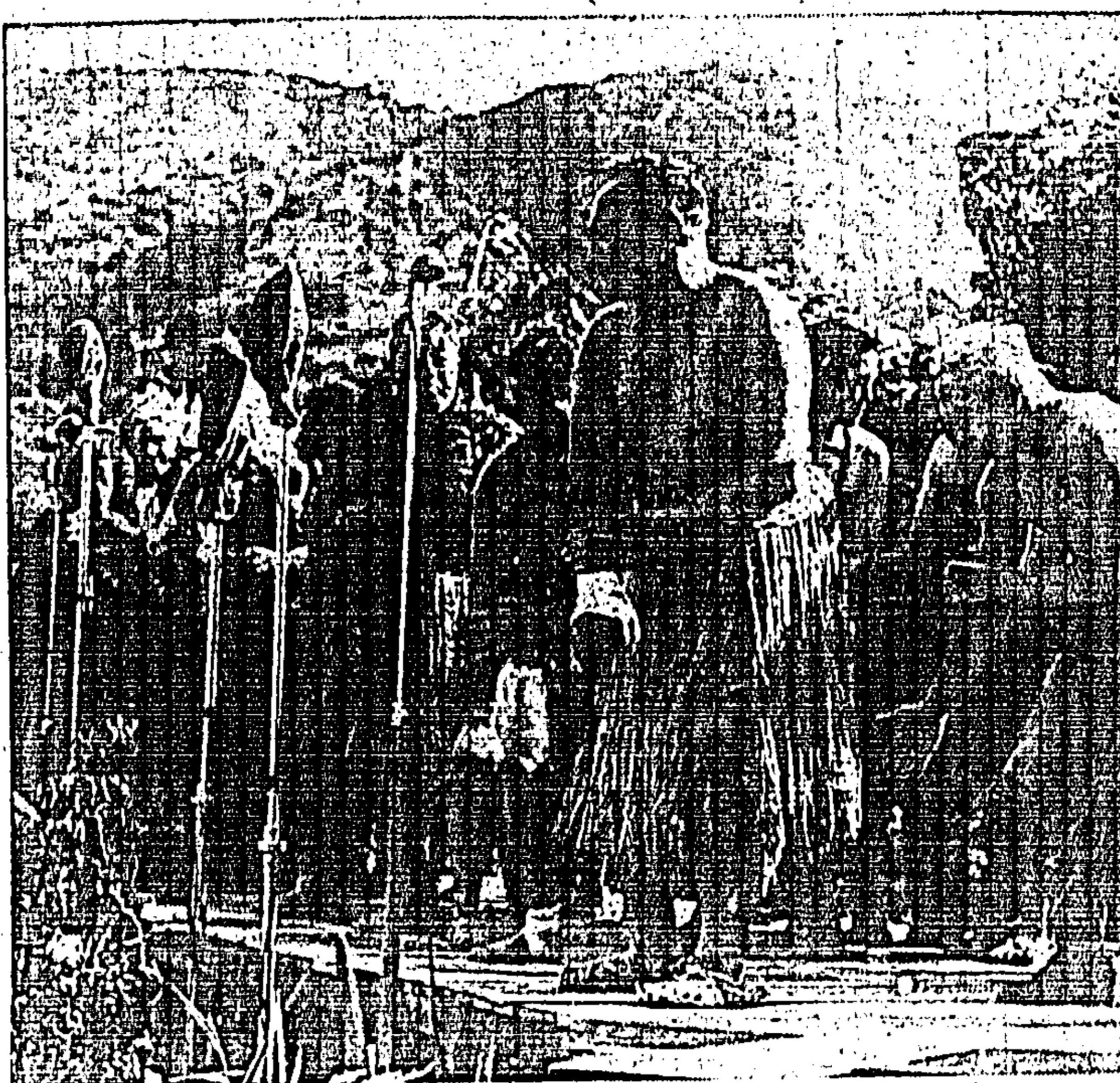
109—A lira, 110—Draehmina (drachma).

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# WORLD NEWS IN PICTURES



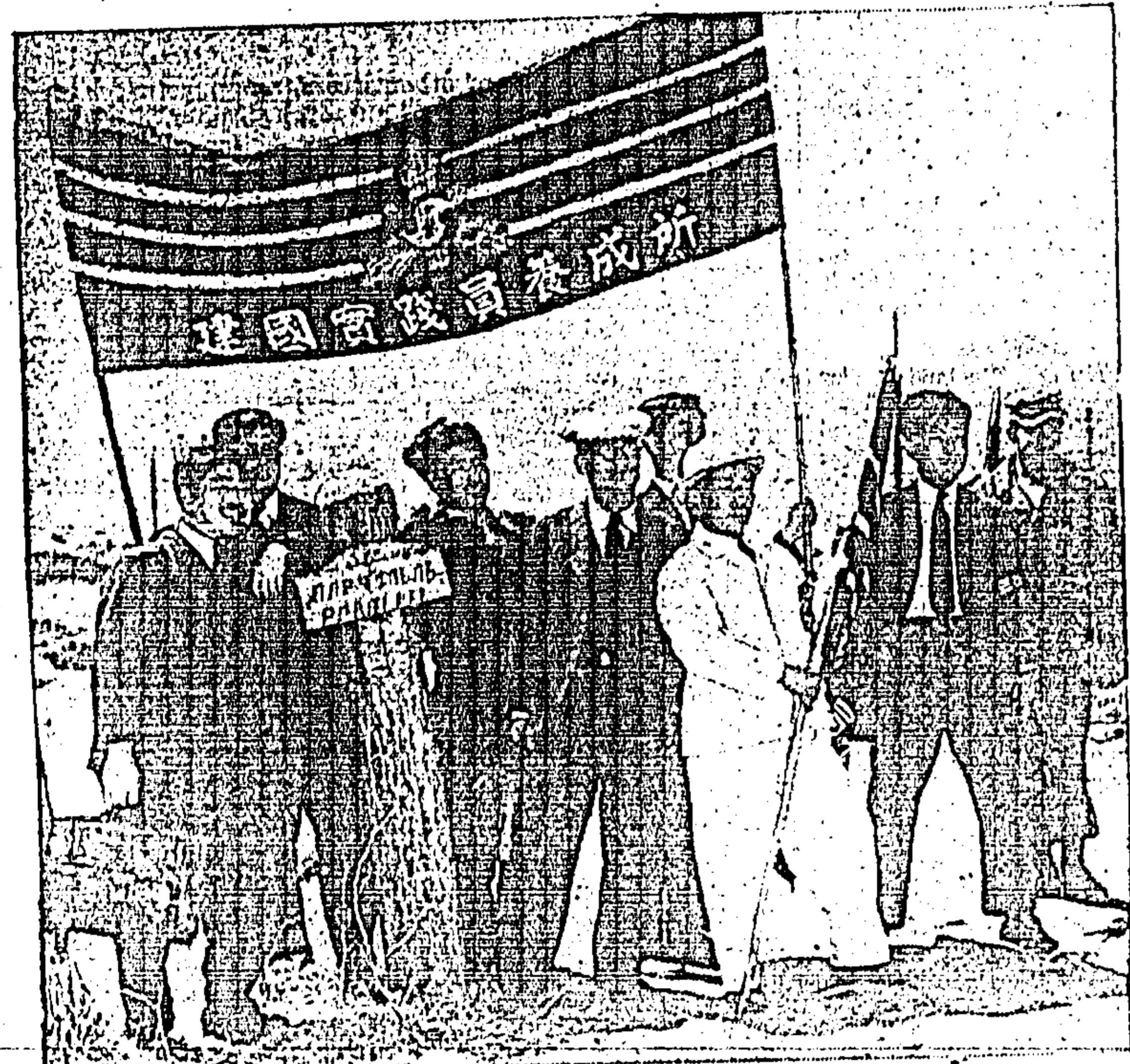
**GREEK HEAVY WEAPON**—Greek officers and an American observer, Major James Nagel (extreme right) watch a gun crew fire a 25-pounder at a guerrilla position in the Golias Mountains near Gravia, Greece, during the Greek Army's spring offensive. Rebel strength was cut along the main Athens to Salonika railway and highway, which they had been threatening.



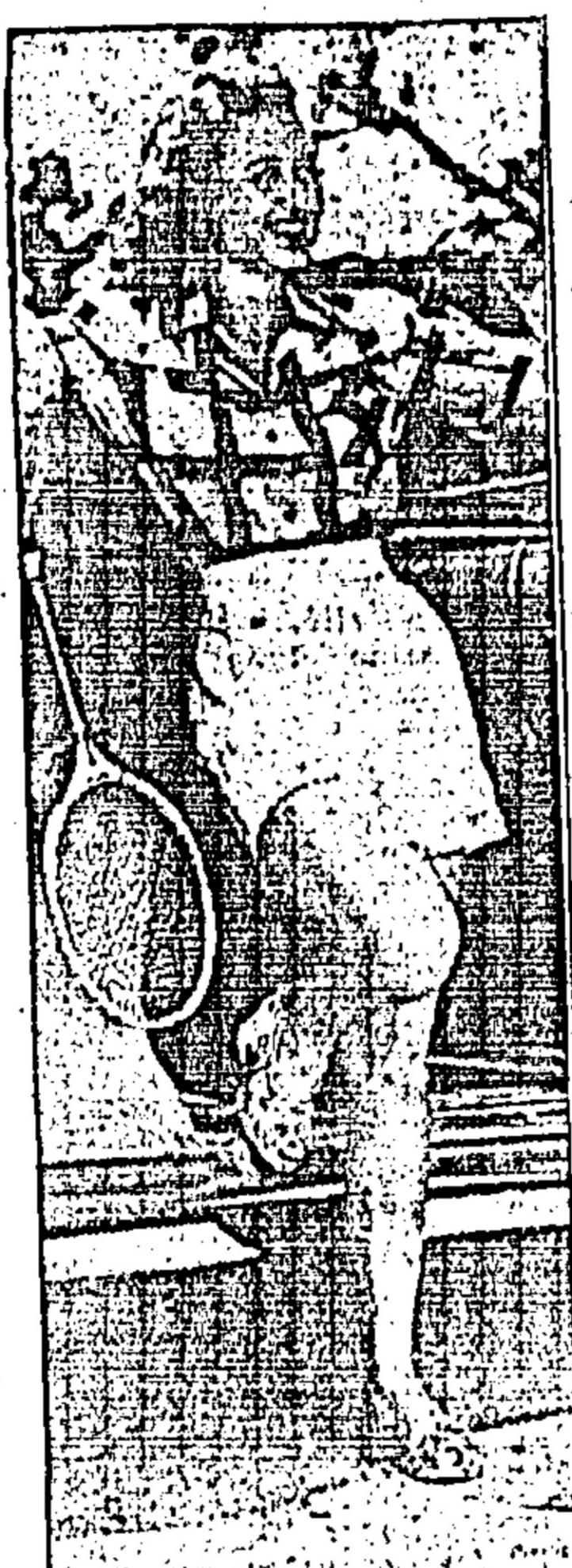
**NEW ZEALAND CENTENNIAL CELEBRATION**—Maori tribesmen dance the traditional Haka as they welcome descendants of New Zealand's first settlers in Otago during celebration ceremonies. The first landing, which took place on March 23, 1848, was re-enacted.



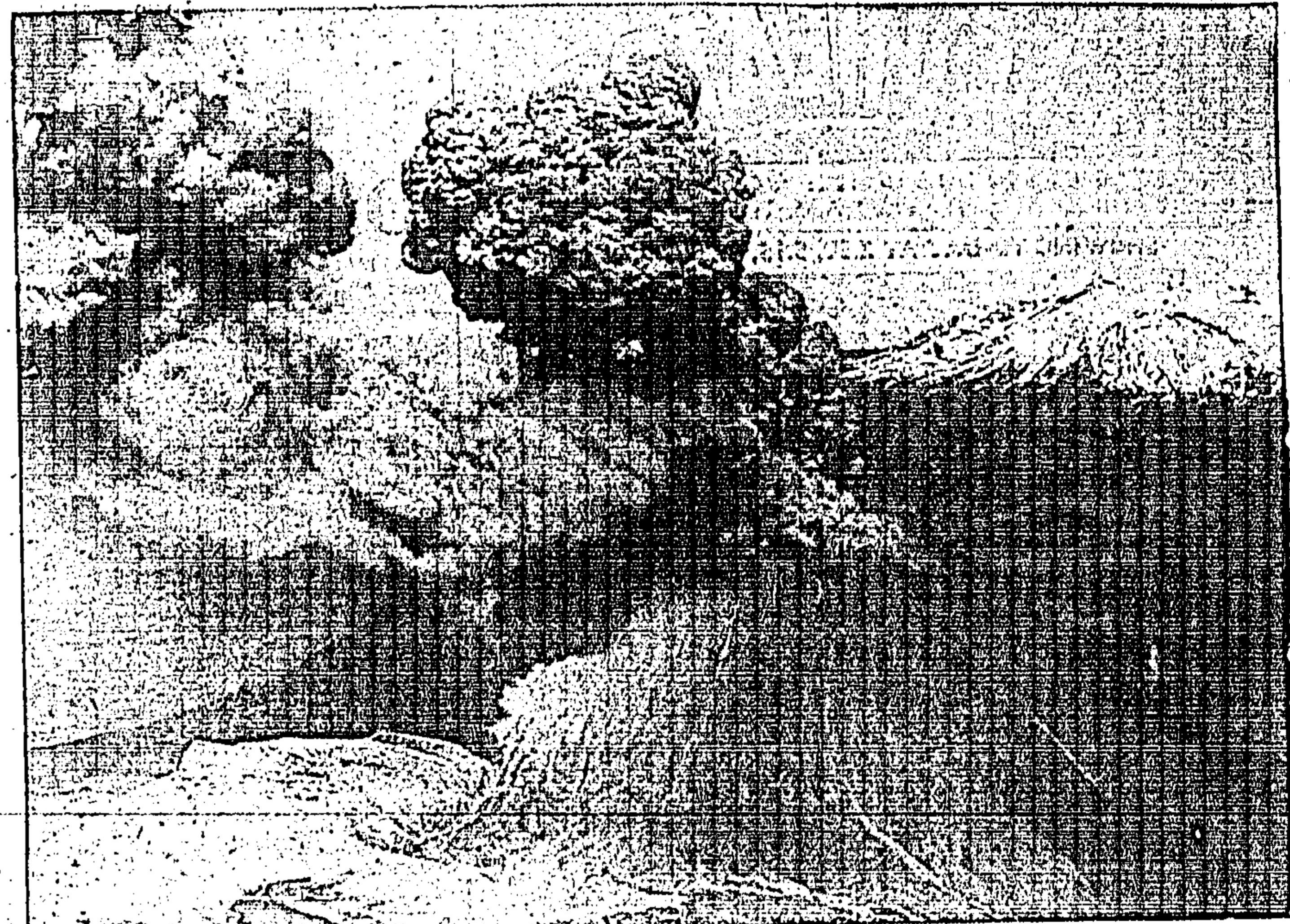
**TREE DWELLER EVICTED**—Perched 65 feet above the ground in a live oak tree in West Orange, New Jersey, is the home of C. Melkon Arslanian. He reported to the authorities that he was being evicted from his tree home, and was fighting the order. Arslanian built his tree home 16 years ago.



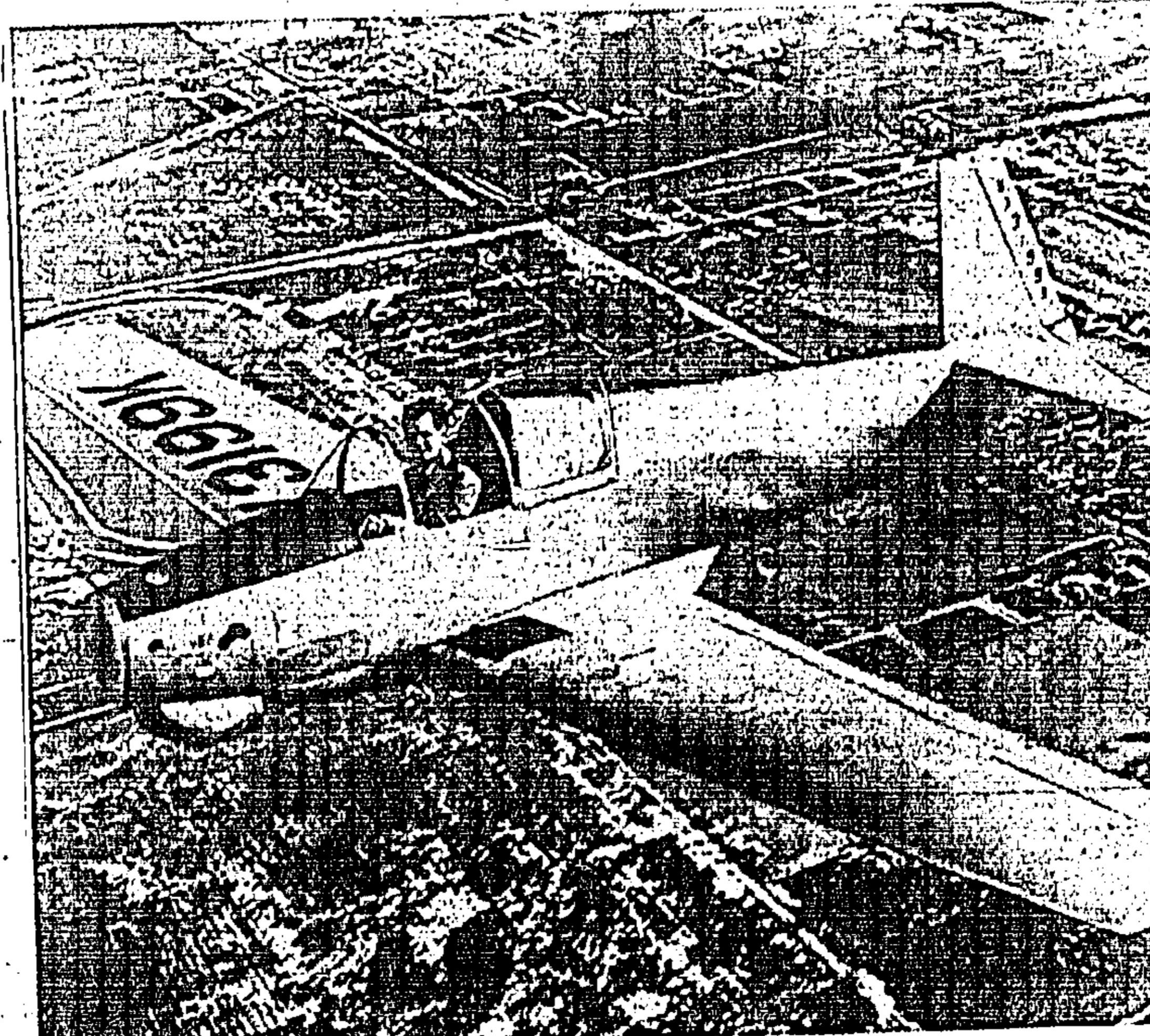
**KOREAN TROUBLE SPOT**—With the Soviet Union controlling the portion of Korea above the 38th parallel and the United States the portion below that line, there has never been an agreement on setting up a government for the whole country. With the backing of the UN, the American authorities encouraged southern Koreans to hold elections for seats in a constituent assembly for the first time. Communist-inspired terrorists, however, tried to wreck the elections, but the Koreans went about polling anyway. Russia, which had forbidden a similar election in the north, invited southern leaders to a conference in the Soviet zone capital, Pyongyang. Only Kim Koo, 74, and Dr Kim Kiu Sic, 66, attended. Here followers of the two wait at the 38th parallel for them to return. Guarding the border is an American GI.



**FIGHT RING TIP**—With elastic waistband, reminiscent of a boxer's fighting togs, actress Jane Powell finds the latest thing in shorts just the thing for a fast game of badminton. The outfit is topped with a long-sleeved blouse with large contrasting plaids.



**VOLCANIC WARM-UP**—Coming to life for the first time since 1934, New Zealand's Mount Ngaurhoe poured out ash, steam and red-hot boulders recently. Pictured here three days after it started erupting, Ngaurhoe stands out in contrast to the peaceful mountain on the right. A geologist descended 200 feet into the 40-acre crater and reported no lava.



**BARGAIN CROSS-COUNTRY FLIGHT**—Test pilot Bill Taylor puts a Crosley-powered M-18 through its paces 2,000 feet over Kansas. The rugged little single-seater, with a 27-foot wing span, will cross the United States on \$12 worth of fuel, averaging over 100 miles an hour. The plane is 18 feet long, and has a six-hour flying range of over 400 miles. It weighs 450 pounds, and has a retractable tricycle landing gear.

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WHO RISKS HIS LIFE AT EVERY  
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TEMPS AT SABOTAGE?

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It's Heaven-on-Earth to hear Bing sing 'em... see Fred dance 'em... watch Joan romance 'em... Irving Berlin's top tunes from his All-Time Hit Parade!

SPECIAL MORNING SHOW TO-DAY AT 12.30  
Laurel & Hardy in "NOTHING BUT TROUBLE"GRAND OPENING  
TO-DAY **Cashway** AT 2.30, 5.30,  
7.30 & 9.30 p.m.**TELEVISION MAKES ITS FIRST KILL**

America's jukebox addicts switch their custom—and juke firms turn their eyes to the English market . . .

BY EVELYN WEBBER

NEW YORK, May 25. Install it free. The inducement is absence of any outlay or maintenance costs for the site owner NANCE, 50 years ago in America, there was a man who stands at the same time to make a good portion of her rent from the machine.

New York's jukeboxes earn about \$3.00 a week each. Of this the operator gets about two-thirds and out of it he buys new records at 2s. 3d. each. (The average retail price of records here is 3s. 6d.) Each record lasts for 200 playings or more, earning at least 27s. 6d. over its purchase price. Each jukebox holds 12 to 24 records.

Soon there were other jukeboxes. Nearly four hundred thousand of them in fact; one or more to every three hundred and fifty people in the country. They blared hit tunes in the restaurants, and in the bars, and at the corner drug-stores; the stream of nickels never stopped.

Now television has challenged the jukebox-free television; and the jukebox boom has broken.

Of 286,000 television sets now in use in the United States, nearly a quarter are in public places. In New York cafes and bars there are already 10,000 of them, compared with 30,000 jukeboxes, and television is only in its infancy.

**IT'S FREE**

INSTEAD of putting a nickel in the jukebox slot, customers now enjoy a free look at sports events or other televised highlights while they sip their beer or milk, or eat their sandwich. Against this competition, juke men admit their business is off."

"You see," one of them told me, "while there is nothing cultural about the jukebox, it certainly was profitable."

He was right. Before television came the people of America were feeding 960,000,000 nickels (£12,000,000) a year into the jukeboxes. Yet the biggest costs only £250.

The jukebox is bought by an operator who presumes a case or bar owner to permit him to

aid of record companies who rely on the jukeboxes to popularise their records.

A new tone-arm has been devised to reduce record wear permitting 5000 playings instead of 200, thus substantially reducing the chief operating cost.

"And," said a manufacturer, "there is always England. Our jukeboxes would go well there, don't you think? Thirty per cent of our sales are made abroad—here's a jukebox going to Casablanca. We can easily alter the mechanism to take pennies in the slot."

"You don't think people in Britain would want to put 3d. in to hear a 2s. 3d. record play for three minutes? They wouldn't like to inflict their own choice of music upon other people in a restaurant? And you don't think your Government would let us have dollars for our jukeboxes anyway? Oh!"

**NEAR PANIC**

DISCOUNTING the wages of his assistant (if he has one) the weekly cost to an operator of servicing his jukeboxes is about five shillings each.

"With television jeopardising this money-making proposition you can't wonder at the near panic in the business," one manufacturer's agent told me. "But we were due for a depression. The teen-agers don't use the boxes much, except in Hollywood films; they haven't got the money. There's less money about all round."

Laughing uneasily he added: "Of course, it's only a temporary setback. When the novelty of television wears off, people will return to the jukeboxes. Meanwhile we won't make as many new ones as before. We used to sell a thousand new and second-hand machines a year. Now we'll concentrate on second-hand ones. It all cuts costs."

The juke men are trying everything to stave off ruin. Strong corps of salesmen are being sent out to induce restaurant owners to install jukeboxes instead of, or in addition to, television.

Where television is advertised outside the bars owners are implored to add the words "jukebox, too." And jukeboxes are leaving the assembly line with more coloured lights, brighter plastic, shinier steel and completely visible operation, all to attract the customer's attention—and his nickel.

There is even talk of doubling the threepenny charge to run a record, and reducing its playing time of three minutes to two or less in busy spots. Or enlisting the

**Information box****MOST SACKED CITY**

Jerusalem, over which the shadow of Mohammed hangs once again, is the most sacked city of the world.

From the time—about 1400 B.C.—when the Israelites wrested the pillars from the Jebusites, the Holy City has had few peaceful years.

It was the scene of great bloodshed when the split came between the tribe of Judah and other tribes, and half of Israel entered the city.

In 588 B.C. Nebuchadnezzar of Babylon sacked Jerusalem and took Judah into captivity.

In 332 B.C. Alexander the Great entered the city peacefully, but ten years later the legions of Egypt smashed their way through the defences.

**Then came Pompey**

In 63 B.C. Pompey besieged and took the city. Under Herod in 37, a great part of Jerusalem was rebuilt on Roman lines, but in 70, when the Jews revolted against the Romans, Titus inflicted great carnage on the inhabitants.

In A.D. 614 came Chosroes of Persia, and the city was again sacked, the Church of the Holy Sepulchre being badly damaged.

In 629 Heraclius defeated Chosroes, and entered the city.

**Romans ousted**

Eight years later Osmar ousted the Romans, but did little damage to the city. He built a wooden mosque.

In 1099 Crusaders entered Jerusalem.

In 1187 The City reconquered by Saladin.

In 1190 Selim I of Turkey took Jerusalem from the Egyptians.

In 1191 Viscount Allenby.

wrested the City from the Turks.

ONE WORD COST TWO SHIPS

**Typist wrote 'empty' instead of 'plenty'**

by W. A. CRUMLEY

**B**ECAUSE a young sailor misheard one word and wrote down "empty" instead of "plenty" of ammunition, the destroyers Kelly and Kashmir were lost in the Crete disaster seven years ago.

In the secrets of this tragedy, disclosed in Admiralty despatches, reference is made to a "calligraphic error."

The writer of the confession on what went wrong in the Battle of Crete is Admiral Sir Andrew B. Cunningham—now Lord Cunningham of Hyndhope.

He told me: "Calligraphic is not the word. It was really a phonetic error. It happened at my end. When the signal was being transcribed and typewritten the young chap misheard the word 'plenty' and wrote down 'empty.'

"I had intended to take the Battle Fleet out to meet the enemy convoy at dawn. That signal made it impossible."

Then he said: "I shall always be convinced that had it not been for that phonetic error, that one word, we should never have lost the two destroyers." The Kelly was commanded by Lord Mountbatten.

In language worthy of Nelson, Admiral Cunningham tells in his despatch of other errors, and punctuates his cold appraisal with criticisms of an admiral more biting than in any previous account of a wartime action.

May 22, 1941: "The rear-admiral commanding the 15th Cruiser Squadron was presented with a unique opportunity of destroying the large German seaborne invasion force.

"Unfortunately, in the face of heavy air attacks and with ack-ack ammunition stocks beginning to run low, he decided that he would not have been justified in pressing on to the attack, and gave the order to withdraw.

**More ill-luck**

"The situation was undoubtedly difficult for him, as this attack was certainly on a majestic scale. But it appears that no diminution of risk could have been achieved by retirement and that, in fact, the safest place for the squadron would have been among the enemy ships."

The commander of the 15th Cruiser Squadron was the then Rear-Admiral Edward Leigh Stuart King.

He and his ships were being dive-bombed continuously for three and a half hours. The despatch continues:

"In the meantime a further unlucky decision had been taken. Rear-Admiral Destroyers (I.G. Glennie) correctly decided that the cruiser Dido must withdraw from the Aegean because of lack of ack-ack ammunition.

"But from very natural reluctance to leave other ships of his squadron to face the music after he himself had retired, he took the cruisers Ajax and Orion with him. This decision, although such results could hardly have been foreseen, deprived the hard-pressed C.S.15 (Rear-Admiral King) of assistance.

"Late that night a Most Immediate message was received by me from the rear-admiral commanding the Seventh Cruiser Squadron, from which it appeared, owing to a calligraphic error (explained above), that the battleship Queen Elizabeth and Barham had no pom-pom ammunition left. In fact they had plenty."

As a result the battleships were ordered back to Alexandria, leaving Kashmir and Kelly to their fate. But Cunningham gives pause, too:

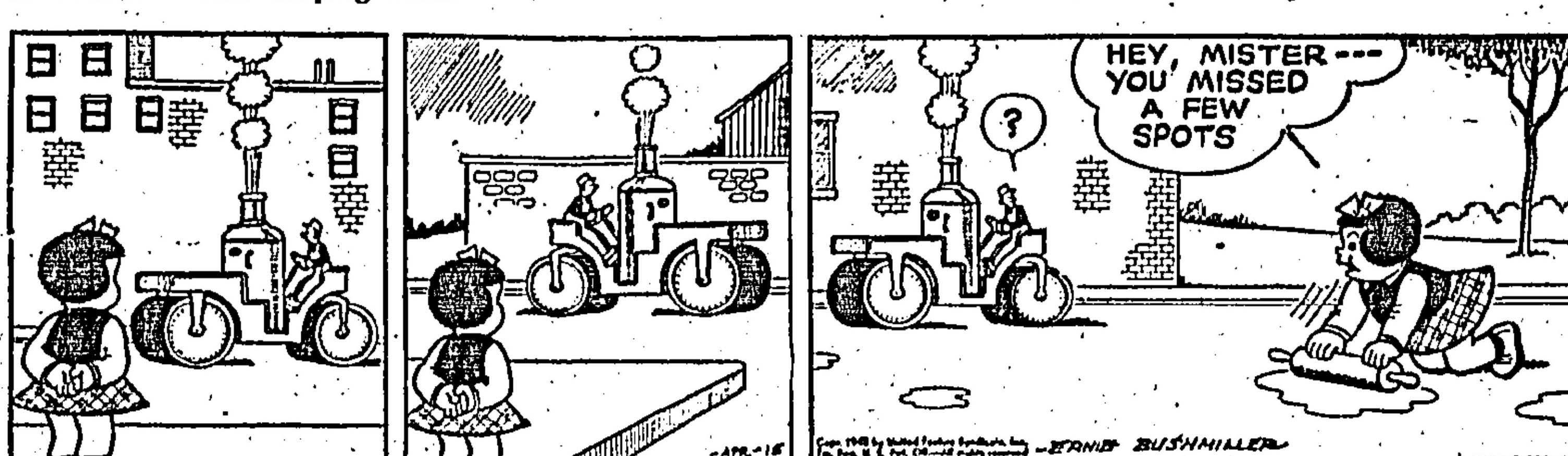
"On the credit side, the Navy's duty was achieved. No enemy ship or transport succeeded in reaching Crete."

The losses sustained should not blind one to the magnificent courage and endurance that was displayed throughout. I have never felt prouder of the Mediterranean Fleet than at the close of these operations."

"Waspie was hit by a 1,000-pounder. We were both short of ack-ack ammunition. That is why I gave my order."

Two years later when King, at 55, was retired as a full admiral, his wife died. He now lives alone in his whitewashed cottage, growing grapes and cabbages.

Behind him stretch the Goonhilly Downs—and in front of him the sea, and the relic of the Waspie which rescued him.

**NANCY The Helping Hand**

# LORDS BATTLE WITH COMMONS

## Upper Chamber Again Throws Out Govt Bill

London, June 9.—The battle between the House of Lords and the House of Commons reached a climax tonight when the House of Lords threw out a Government bill designed to curb their powers to delay legislation.

The voting in this predominantly Conservative chamber was 177 to 81. Just before the vote, Lord Salisbury, leader of the Opposition, rejected a last-

### SOVIET GRIP OVER EAST EUROPE

London, June 9.—Soviet Russia has for the first time established an undisputed grip over the economic life of Eastern Europe, according to official figures reaching London from behind the iron curtain.

Official documents disclosed Russia is at present having, between one-fourth and one-half of the total exports of the satellite states, who in turn have been made dependent to almost the same extent on supply by Russia of raw materials and grain.

This compares with the negligible Soviet participation in Eastern European foreign trade before the war, in some cases less than one per cent.

Russia has managed to win to date a dominating economic hold, comparable to that held by Germany before the war, over the Balkans and the eastern and central European countries. She has also broken into position held by the West before the war.

#### Penetration

Russian experts viewed the rapid economic transformation and adaptation of the eastern European countries to the Soviet pattern as one of the most important developments in Moscow's moves towards consolidation and political penetration in this contested area.

Strongest indications of these trends come from Poland. Official Polish figures said that of Poland's total exports, 20.6 percent are now going to Russia, compared with 0.4 percent prewar. Twenty-six point five percent of Poland's imports come from the Soviet Union against 1.1 percent before the war. The Western countries' share has fallen considerably under 10 percent of Poland's imports which now come from the West against the 18 percent prewar.

Official Romanian reports said that three-quarters of Romania's exports now go to "neighbouring countries."

#### Network Of Treaties

A London Embassy bulletin announced earlier this week that Czechoslovakia "depends chiefly on trade with the Slav states."

The process is intensified by a system in linking the eastern European economies in a network of treaties designed to harmonise them with Russia's five-year plan, experts suggested.

Co-operation between Poland and Czechoslovakia has been stepped up to prepare for virtual integration of two of the foremost eastern European industrial powers, including joint development schemes for four plants and the division of labour in the planning of their future respective industries.—United Press.

### Margaret Sees Pope



Moving picture star Margaret O'Brien shakes hands with a smiling Swiss guard in the Vatican in Rome after an audience with Pope Pius XII. (AP).

### New Ambassadors Arrive



Arriving in New York on the SS Queen Elizabeth en route to Washington are (top) the new British Ambassador to the United States, Sir Oliver Franks with Lady Franks and (bottom) Dr. Vladimir Outrata, new Czechoslovakian envoy with Mrs. Outrata. Sir Franks succeeds Lord Inverchapel. Dr. Outrata replaces Dr. Juraj Slavik, who resigned when the Communists came to power in his homeland.—AP Picture.

### MARSHALL PLAN PACT:

## High-handed Tone Of Washington Draft

London, June 9.—European Marshall Plan nations are expected to object to the "high-handed" tone of the draft agreements sent to them by the United States when they open pact negotiations in Washington this week, it was reliably learned here today.

### Soviets Refuse To Give Up Radio Berlin

Berlin, June 9.—The Russian Military Governor, Lieut-General Mihail Dratvin, today bluntly rejected the British demand that the Russians vacate Radio Berlin, inside the British sector.

Dratvin wrote the British Military Government: "Obviously we cannot take seriously the hint contained in your letter of employing forced measures against the Soviet employees in Rundfunk House. You will understand that such an action will not be disregarded by us and would lead to undesirable consequences."

A British spokesman said that the British authorities did not consider the reply satisfactory.

Dratvin rejected the British request on the ground that the Russians have been using the building since May 1945, or before the British troops were in Berlin. He said that a building or the finding of a new broadcasting house for the Soviet Zone would take three to five years, and the Russians could never agree to that.

Dratvin's letter, addressed to the British Deputy Chief of Staff, Major-General V. J. E. Westropp, said that Soviet sappers could blow up the air raid shelter at Rundfunk House if that was the reason the British wanted them to leave, and added pointedly: "The Soviet Command would welcome the readiness of the British authorities to implement joint decisions on the demilitarisation of Germany, and, particularly, the destruction of such big fortifications as, for example, the air raid shelter in the Tiergarten."—United Press.

### RE-INTERMENT AT SAIWAN

The remains of four members of the British armed services who lost their lives in China during the war are to be re-interred in Hongkong tomorrow.

The four were Capt. George McCaskie, who died of typhoid in Kukong in July 1942 while serving with the British Army Aid Group, and three Royal Air Force men who were killed in a crash while making a supply drop to a BAAG forward post.

The re-interment will take place at Saiwan Military Cemetery at 5.30 p.m. tomorrow.

### Striking Students Demonstrate

Peking, June 9.—Defying a police ban, several thousand striking students marched through Peking streets today in an anti-American demonstration.

Three students were injured slightly in a scuffle with the police. Associated Press.

### BRITAIN STOPS ARMS TO ARABS

London, June 9.—Britain had suspended the delivery of arms to the Transjordan Government until the end of the cease-fire in Palestine, the Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin, announced today.

This had been done in deference to the United Nations Security Council's cease-fire resolution, which had created a new situation there, he told the House of Commons.

Earlier, Mr. Philip Piratin, a Communist Member of Parliament, had asked the Foreign Secretary whether he would review the Government's obligation to deliver arms to Transjordan under the Anglo-Transjordan treaty of alliance of 1948 in view of the attack by the Transjordan Arab Legion on Jerusa-

lem.

Asked by Mr. Piratin whether this meant that he did not recognise as any abuse the attack by Transjordan on Jerusalem, Mr. Bevin replied: "I certainly say they did not start the battle. The attack was made on the holy places of the Arabs."

"I hope the House will pay some regard to the holy places other than their own."

Replying to a question whether Britain had made representations to other countries about the recognition of Israel, Mr. Bevin said that no such representations had been made, but Britain's attitude had been explained to several governments, usually in response to their inquiries.

#### RECOGNITION

The Foreign Secretary stated in reply to another question that Britain recognised no "body of persons" as the de jure Government of Palestine.

Asked why, in view of his declaration of December 1947 that Britain had accepted the decision of the General Assembly regarding Palestine, he had withheld recognition from Israel, set up in accordance with the decision, Mr. Bevin replied: "The British Government do not consider the recommendation voted by the General Assembly on November 29 could be invoked as imposing a legal obligation to recognise the Jewish State set up on May 14."—Reuters.

### AMERICAN VOLUNTEERS FOR ISRAEL

London, June 9.—Major Samuel Weiser, chairman of the "Hebrew Legion," told a press conference today that the first group of American volunteers, belonging to the George Washington Legion, had arrived in the Jewish state in Palestine.

Weiser, who returned from the United States last night, said 3,572 men so far had joined the George Washington Legion, of whom one-third were non-Jews. The volunteers were all men of military age, mostly with previous military experience—armen, sailors and soldiers.

He said over 600 volunteers, including 200 Gentiles, had been recruited into the Maple Leaf Legion in Canada. Weiser added that volunteers for Palestine would leave Britain as well, although he could give no details.

The whole recruiting campaign, Weiser stressed, was carried on independently of the Government of Israel, but as soon as the volunteers arrived in Palestine, they would be incorporated into the regular Israeli Army.

Weiser said the Hebrew National Liberation Movement had raised US\$250,000. In Cleveland and Baltimore, enough money was raised to purchase bomber aircraft to be named "City of Cleveland" and "City of Baltimore." Another bomber, "City of Toronto," will be bought from funds raised in Toronto, Weiser announced.

The total amount of money raised by the Hebrew Legion in the United States already exceeds US\$1,000,000, he stated.

Thus his campaign in the USA and Canada was a "huge success in terms of finance, manpower and supplies," Weiser said, summing up the results of his four-month trip.

—United Press.

### 1,000 Japanese In Shanghai

Shanghai, June 10.—Shanghai's Japanese Community today totals 1,011 compared with a total of 21,000 in prewar days and nearly 100,000 during the Japanese occupation of the city.

According to a Police Bureau announcement, a total of 443 in working in various industrial organisations as technical experts, while the rest are just ordinary citizens.

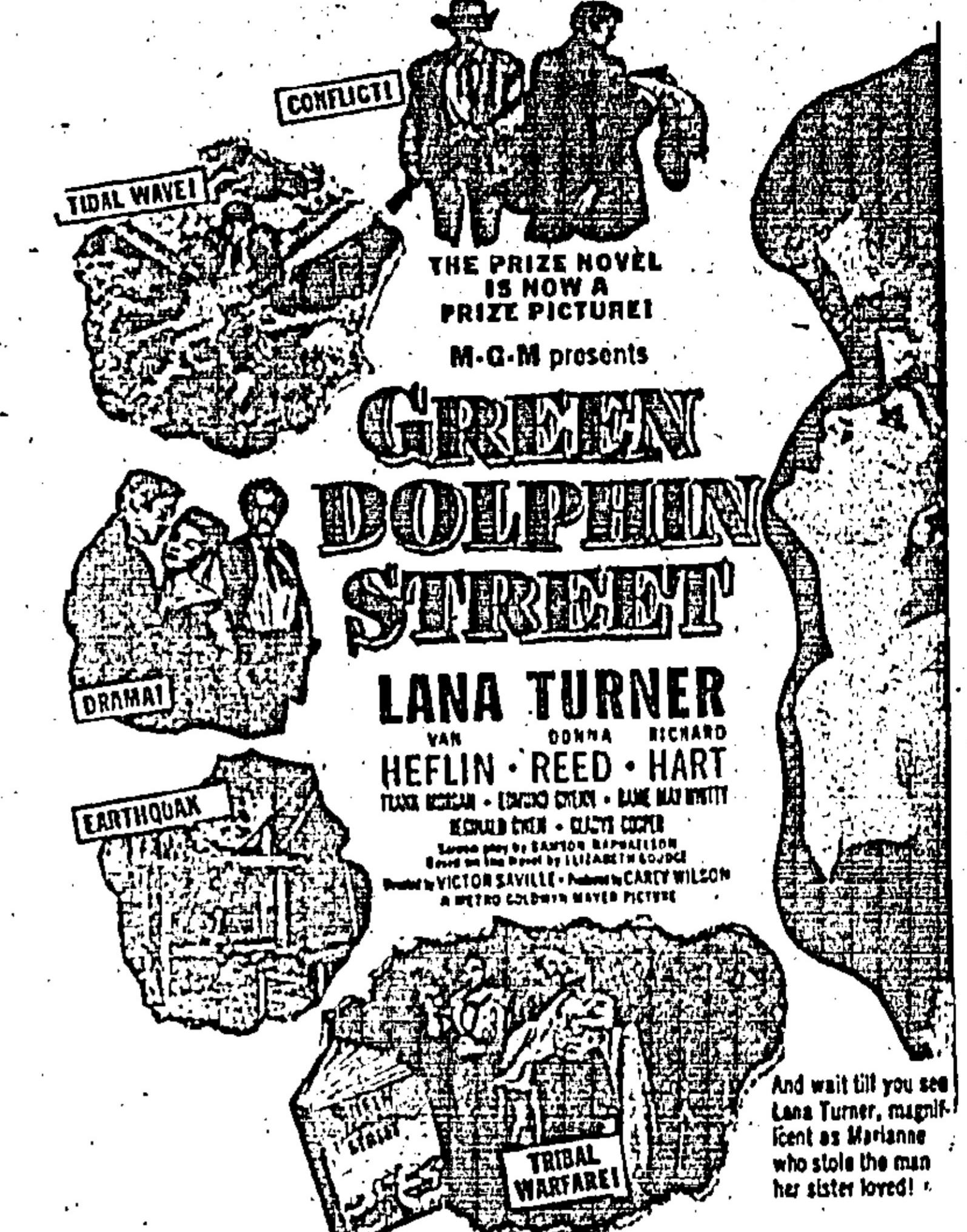
Most of these Japanese and old residents, having been here for more than 20 years. They are allowed to communicate with their friends and relatives in Japan though their letters are subject to censorship by the Police Bureau.—Reuters.

#### SHOWING TO-DAY

### Queen's ALHAMBRA

At 2.30, 5.00,  
7.20 & 9.30 p.m.

THE BIGGEST PICTURE IN TEN YEARS!



AT 2.30, 5.15,  
7.20 & 9.30 p.m.

#### SHOWING TO-DAY

### KING'S

AIR-CONDITIONED

J. ARTHUR BANK PRESENTS  
A PRODUCTION OF THE ARCHERS

### SABU and introducing BIBI FERREIRA

in

## The End of the River

ESMOND KNIGHT · ROBERT DOUGLAS  
RAYMOND LOVELL · ORLANDO MARTINS  
Produced by MICHAEL POWELL and EMERICK PRESSBURGER  
Directed by Derek Twiss  
Screenplay by Wolfgang Willens

ALSO LATEST 20TH CENTURY-FOX MOVIEONE NEWS  
BEN-GURION PROCLAIMS REBIRTH OF ISRAEL  
JEWS TAKE JAFFA AFTER BITTER BATTLE etc., etc.  
FREE ELECTION IN KOREA  
DOG SHOW CHAMPIONSHIP  
LATEST FEMININE FASHIONS  
FLOWER TRIMMINGS ON SUMMER ACCESSORIES.

### MAJESTIC

SHOWING TO-DAY

At 2.30, 5.20, 7.20 & 9.20 p.m.

UNIVERSAL-INTERNATIONAL presents

BUD ABBOTT · LOU COSTELLO · MARJORIE MAIN

The Wistful Widow of WAGON GAP

DOROTHY LAMOUR · MARJORIE REYNOLDS and Technicolor

— STARTS FRIDAY — Yvonne De Carlo · George Brent "SLAVE GIRL" In Technicolor

They Gave their Lives.

We, too, may give through the

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### DIXIE

Starring  
DOROTHY LAMOUR  
MARJORIE REYNOLDS and Technicolor

— TO-MORROW — "Lady of Burlesque"

Starring  
Barbara Stanwyck Michael O'Shea

PRESS

PHOTOGRAPHS

Copies of photographs taken by the South China Morning Post and Hong Kong Telegraph Staff Photographers are on view

in the Morning Post Building.

## ON THE EVE OF THE FIRST TEST

## GEORGE POPE ASKED TO ATTEND AT TRENT BRIDGE

London, June 9.—George Pope, of Derbyshire, has been asked to attend at Trent Bridge, Nottingham, tomorrow when the first Test cricket match opens.

England's team will be chosen from 13 men; with Simpson remaining 12th man.

It is believed that this move is in case Douglas Wright should be unfit, but after some practice at Lord's today Wright said that he felt much better. He is receiving further treatment for lumbago before travelling to Nottingham tonight, and will have a final try out there tomorrow before making a definite decision regarding his fitness.

A special police guard is being maintained throughout the night at Trent Bridge.

Because the ground is just outside the city boundary, men from the Nottinghamshire County police force were on duty and their task is to see that nobody interfered with the perfect wicket, to prevent people from climbing the walls and hiding inside the ground ready for a fire sale when the gates open, and to guard the valuable stocks of cricket gear, food, drink and cigarettes, which await the thousands who will watch the match.—Reuter.

## COUNTY CRICKET

London, June 9.—Tom Pritchard, the fast bowler from New Zealand, who has been showing such fine form for Warwickshire today became the first man in to take 50 wickets this season. He obtained three of the five Worcestershire wickets that fell before lunch at Edgbaston, and finished with a first Innings' analysis of six for 59.

Middlesex, the County champions, who have not been doing well in recent matches, were without Bill Edrich, Denis Compton and Jack Young against Oxford University, and had to field all day until rain stopped play an hour before the close.

A. H. Kardar, the Indian Test player, was then undefeated with 75 to his credit, while C. D. Van Rynneveld, of South Africa, had already swelled the University total with a score of 66.

Batting an hour and 50 minutes, Van Rynneveld hit six fours before falling clean bowled to Gray.

## CLOSE OF PLAY SCORES

The close of play scores were: At Oxford: Oxford University 300 for 4 (Van Rynneveld 66, Pawson 57, Kardar 75 not out), against Middlesex.

At Cardiff: Glamorgan 210 for 6 (Eagleton 65) against Hampshire. Rain prevented further play after tea.

At the Oval: Surrey 250 for 8 (Fisher 78, Fletcher 50) against Lancashire.

## British Women's Golf At Its Lowest Ebb

## By ARCHIE QUICK

British lawn tennis has reached its lowest ebb ever. But what about golf, particularly amateur golf and women's golf in these Isles?

Our low standard was amply demonstrated when seven athletic American girls retained the Curtis Cup at Birkdale.

The Curtis Cup was an exact replica of the Walker Cup at St Andrews a year ago. We held a chance at the halfway stage when we were down in only two of six singles on the final day but then we cracked as the men did 12 months ago.

Experience in tournament play was one telling factor in America's favour, but another was the different mentality with which they approach the game.

Only ex-bomber pilot Dorothy Kelly of Los Angeles plays on a coast course, but each one of the Americans triumphed in a half-gale at Birkdale after a blistering heat the day before.

That wind should have swept them out of it. Instead it was the British girls who let it master them.

Only Scottish champion Jean Donald came out with the honour of winning her foursome and single.

## BEST AMERICAN

The best American was masculine Grace Lenczyk. She slaughtered Miss Jacqueline Gordon after halving the first six holes. Grace actually did the first nine holes in 39 which is some going at Birkdale even for a man.

There is likely to be some straight talking behind the scenes when the Ladies' Golf Union Committee next meet. Some will want to know why Mrs Diana Critchley withdrew at the last minute after being omitted from the foursome and placed last in the singles.

In fact, why she was selected at all after a long lay-off from tournament play, in preference to Miss Frances Stephens.

Local Miss Stephens is the daughter of a Bootle golf professional and talk of class distinction has raised its ugly head.

The fact remains that she knows how to avoid every turf of willow scrub on Birkdale, thrives in the wind there, has consistently done the course in 74, which was not equalled in the Curtis Cup, is a Lancashire champion and, above all, has never lost an international match for England.

At Ilford: Essex 385 for 6 (Avery 53, Vigar 97 not out, Horrell 97, Pearce 54). Gloucestershire to bat. At Horsham: Northamptonshire 317 for 8 (Brookes 107 not out, Oldfield 54) against Sussex.

At Birmingham: Worcestershire 172 (White 57, Pritchard 6 for 50); Warwickshire 93 for 3.

At Harrogate: Somerset 110 (Wardle 6 for 40); Yorkshire 56 for 5.—Reuter.

## FOR YOUR SPARE MOMENTS

## SIDE GLANCES

By Galbraith



"I'll be there in exactly one hour, Mrs. Jones—and please don't wait till I ring the bell before you start straightening up the house!"

## LESSON HAND

McKENNEY ON BRIDGE

Don't Concentrate Wholly on System

By WILLIAM E. MCKENNEY

BEGINNERS at contract are usually concerned about what system of bidding they should study. But today contract is played so generally that bridge writers are forced to build systems around winning tactics of good players. Bidding is important, but it does no good to get into a game contract and not know how to play the cards.

A surprising number of players would miss on today's hand for failing to count their tricks.

We can win the ace of spades and ruff a spade. If the hearts break 8-2, we will make four heart tricks. If the club finesse works we will have eight, and the ace of diamonds makes nine.

How are we to get the tenth? Shall we depend upon finding the

## Check Your Knowledge

- What is the difference between animals that estivate and animals that hibernate?
- Name the author of "Alice in Wonderland."
- With what do you associate the name of Duncan Phyfe?
- What is a continental shelf?
- Why is the lowest unit of weight called a grain?

Answers on Column 5



king of diamonds in the East hand, or should we try to set the long club?

First we should try to set the long club, so we will let West hold the opening lead of the king of spades. When West continues with the queen of spades, we win with the ace. We should not ruff the third spade yet.

We first take one round of trumps, then lead the four of clubs and finesse the queen, lead the four of hearts from dummy and win with the king. Now there is only one trump out and it is high.

Our next play should be the six of clubs to dummy's ace, come back with the three of clubs and trump it with the three of hearts.

Now it is time to ruff the small spade, then lead the five of clubs and trump it with the five of hearts. We go over to the ace of diamonds and lead the good club.

Whether East trumps or not we are going to discard the four of diamonds from the South hand. Now there is no way to keep us from making another trick with the eight of hearts.

This hand is proof of the importance of learning to count your tricks as well as to time your play.

## CROSSWORD

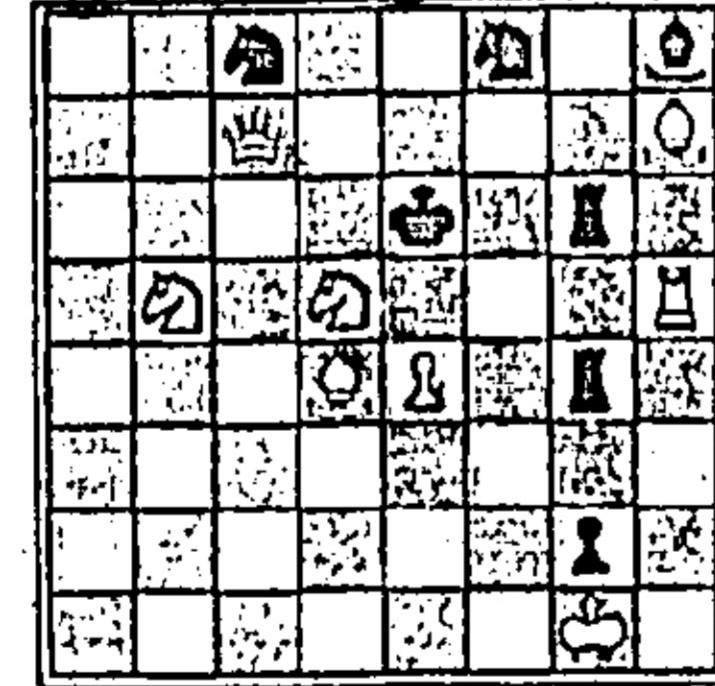
17. Sounds like a place where you might live. (4)
18. Would the rugger player describe them as a valuable sign? (6)
20. See 2 Down.
22. Likely name for a Scot on the beach. (6)
1. Nice care for it this way. (3, 5)
- 2 and 20. "Have a go" if you like, but they don't all belong to me.
4. Gort, game that a puppy may play. (4)
5. See 3 Across.
7. That empty space around us. (4)
8. The way to bend bars. (4)
10. Name a place on the Euphrates. (6)
16. He's in the air, more or less stretched. (4)
19. Overhead. (3)
- 3 and 5. Where the French may have isolated the imp. (6)
6. Kite which may have no wings. (6)
10. A horse to the artist may appear renommed. (6)
12. There's nothing in this electrical term. (6)
13. Superficial to the audience? (6)
14. Stone dad in this. (7)

Solution to yesterday's problem:

1. B-R2. any; 2. Q. R. B. or Kt mates.

## CHESS PROBLEM

By ARTHUR A. PAUL  
Black, 7 pieces.



White, 8 pieces.

White to play and mate in two.

Solution to yesterday's problem:

1. B-R2. any; 2. Q. R. B. or Kt mates.

## ZBW RADIO

U.K.T. Programme Summary: 6.01 Children's Story: "Peter Duck" by Arthur Ransome Episode 29 (Continued); 6.30 "Music by Captain" (Studio); 6.30 "Music by Captain" (Studio); 6.30 Leo Gold and his Players with Jack Cooper to sing (BBC); 6.30 "ITMA" with Tommy Handley (BBC); 6.30 "La Demi-Tourne" (Studio); 6.30 "World and Home News" (London Relay); 6.30 British Concert Orchestra; 6.30 "Symphony Hall Orchestra" (BBC); 6.30 "Hongkong Stage Club" (BBC); 6.30 "The Jaibird" produced by Clifford Davies (BBC); 6.45 Memories from Music; "Concerto" (BBC); 6.45 "World and Home News" (London Relay); 10.15 "Telling the Colour" (London Relay); 10.45 "In Britain Now" A talk by Edward Marshall (London Relay); 11. Radio Newswise (London Relay); 11.00 "Upfront" (BBC); 11.30 "Art" (BBC); 11.45 "Evening" (BBC); 12.00 "Close Down".

Editorial Price Service.

## EXCLUSIVE 'TELEGRAPH' FEATURE

## YOUR BIRTHDAY ..... By STELLA

THURSDAY, JUNE 10

BORN today you have an insatiable desire for the truth. You have originally of thought and often make startling new discoveries, which others find difficult to believe. But you, yourself, are not one to take the findings of others on sight. You will want to discover all details about a matter before committing yourself to even the smallest decision. Consequently, if it takes longer than you think, it should for you to receive recognition for your discoveries, just put yourself in the place of the public where "seeing" is usually "believing!"

Although you are fond of the arts and will be happiest if your life work is connected with them, you are not one to starve for art's sake. You are much too practical for that and if necessary will devote the energies of your early life toward making a comfortable fortune so that in later life, you may enjoy a hobby or vocation in the arts.

**FRIDAY, JUNE 11**

GEMINI (May 22-June 22)—A fine, progressive day when new opportunities offered should be grasped immediately and developed.

**CANCER (June 23-July 23)**—A good day, both at home and in the office. Business expansions are favored now. Push plans to proper conclusions.

**LEO (July 24-Aug. 23)**—An optimistic attitude toward your work will definitely pay off now. Go out after what you want and get it!

**VIRGO (Aug. 24-Sept. 22)**—Personal and business affairs show a very definite upturn for the better. Artistic ventures should pay off.

**LIBRA (Sept. 23-Oct. 23)**—Increasing good influences are highly favourable to constructive ideas of expansion. Develop your plans.

**SCORPIO (Oct. 24-Nov. 22)**—If you are an employee, you could ask for an earned raise, and stand a fifty-fifty chance of getting what you want, too.

**PISCES (Feb. 20-Mar. 21)**—The relations between employer and employee show signs of definite improvement. Each gains an advantage.

**ARIES (Mar. 22-Apr. 20)**—Dealing with the fair sex are especially favoured just now. Business as well as social commitments can be made.

**Taurus (Apr. 21-May 19)**—Morning hours may appear above but favourable conditions increase as afternoon comes. Make your decisions then.

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# U.S. PLANS FOR THE FUTURE JAPAN

## Forecast By Prominent Historian

Philadelphia, June 9.—The United States will demand, at the Japanese peace conference, that Nippon be kept weak militarily yet strong enough economically to resist Soviet influence, according to one observer today.

Prof. Kenneth Scott Latourette of Yale, author of several history textbooks on Japan and China, believes the U.S. Government "will probably believe it to be a duty to defend Japan against Russia."

Writing in the "Annals of the American Academy," Dr Latourette says that, "In order to secure the American position, the (United States) government will insist that the Japanese settlement be such as to safeguard it. Safeguards will be desired both against the military revival of Japan and against Russia."

Dr Latourette says the United States and Russia have become inextricably involved in the Far East although their intentions and good sense might lead the other way.

United States involvement, he says, "may be unwise...even tragically mistaken. Certainly the United States can hope for no return in commerce on investments which will not even begin to compensate her for the enormous expenditures in treasure and life which her Far Eastern policy has already entailed. Further expenditures are even less likely to be followed by corresponding tangible material reward."

### Russia's Concern

Russia, he says, while more firmly entrenched in Asia than ever before may find her preoccupation in Europe and the Middle East more rewarding. Thus, Russia may be less likely to embark upon costly adventures in the Far East. Yet she will not allow herself to be easily dislodged...and she might enter upon a course there which would lead her, against her original intentions, into major military operations."

The threat of a revived Japan, nevertheless, is very integral to the policies of both, since each fears encroachments by the other.

In addition, says Dr Latourette, China, Australia and Britain have very real concern over a militarily resurgent Japan.

Because China is weak, she naturally fears a revived Japan. But more, he says, "A weak China would be a temptation to a resurgent Japan especially if the military once more came into prominence."

While he expects China to unite and become strong "ultimately," he says in the meantime, "A feeble and divided China means intensification of the rivalry between Russia and the United States. Each is fearful the other will control China." Hence, he believes, each will seek bases in the Far East.

Australia, he believes, will be vocal because the memory of the near-invasion during World War II is very fresh.

### Britain's Worry

Britain, he feels, is worried about Japanese competition in textiles which explains Lancashire criticism of U.S. occupation attempts at rehabilitation. But because of interests elsewhere, and Japan's ability to satisfy the Orient market more cheaply, Britain will not prove too strong a factor.

With this as a background, Dr Latourette outlines four main divisions of peace settlement terms:

1. Reparations; 2. Territorial adjustment; 3. Economic opportunity;

4. Military suppression.

Except for property remaining in China and Korea, he says, reparations should be completely wiped off the slate. Obsolescence, Soviet seizure in Manchuria and owners' indifference pending policy statement have considerably reduced most capital values.

### TERRITORIAL ALLOTMENTS

Territorially, he favours the cession of Formosa to China and lower Sakhalin to Russia for national and geographic reasons. Admitting the Kuriles would be of strategic value to the nation holding them, he urges their retention by Russia. For one thing, the Yalta declaration assigned them to her. For another, she would not consider surrendering them. For Russia, they constitute little more than an extension of Sakhalin from the standpoint of air bases while in American hands would be a constant "irritant" to the Soviets. In Japanese hands, similarly, they would menace Siberia. The Ryukyus, he says, are somewhat different.

The U.S. already occupies Okinawa and if it is to assume the defense of Japan bases in these islands are vital, he declares. If the United Nations were stronger, ultimate autonomy might be considered. But until the UN is strengthened, he would oppose that.

Returning to the islands, except Okinawa, to Japan is a possibility, he says, because Japanese administration was good and the peoples are closely related.

He concedes American occupation of Okinawa irritates the Russians, but discounts its importance saying, "the major causes of tension between Russia and the United States are elsewhere."

Economically, he says to provide Japan with the means of making a living is vital. Further, "a prosperous Japan will contribute to the welfare of the rest of the Far East."

But here, he says, "probably the effort will be made to discourage heavy industry in Japan on the

## MEN AND MACHINE FIGHT FLOOD



Workmen, with the aid of a bulldozer, make hasty repairs to a levee in the Yakima, Washington area as they battle rising waters. Many were forced to flee their trailer homes near here.—AP Picture.

### Action For Gurkhas

Singapore, June 9.—Gurkha troops will shortly begin extensive military operations to clear out "Communist guerrillas" from the vicinity of Rengam, in Johore State, it was reliably learned today.

Twelve members of one of Johore's largest gangs, who yesterday carried out an unsuccessful raid on a rubber estate manager's house, were seen again today in the vicinity.

They wore Japanese caps and carried Sten guns and sawn-off shotguns.

The Kuala Lumpur police today arrested Lieu Yit-fun, the manager of the Communist newspaper Ming Sheng Tao (the Voice of the People) on a sedition warrant. Lieu is a Jamaican-born Chinese. The Communists acquired the paper only last week.—Reuter.

### Peace Treaty Discussions

Brussels, June 9.—The Belgian Premier, Mr Paul Henri Spaak, and the Foreign Trade Minister, Baron Van Der Straeten Waller, today discussed implementation of Belgium's peace treaty with Italy and the reparations involved.

They also studied a bill providing for the treaty's ratification by Parliament.

A Belgian Parliamentary Commission reported that the Treasury's reparations claims on Italy amounted to 60 million Belgian francs.

Damage to Belgian property in Italy was estimated at 510 million francs. Two-thirds of this is to be repaid by Italy.

Italy has to repay the Belgian Congo approximately \$60 million for "war expenditures." The Commission's Chairman, Mr Ludovic Moyersoen, noted that other countries had renounced claims on Italy and added that "if Belgium was to follow their example, it would be unquestionably a great sacrifice justified by Italy's critical situation and would be an important contribution to the re-establishment of friendly relations between the two countries."—Reuter.

New Zealand, which had earlier accepted a "provisional" membership for the Republic, today tipped the scale when she supported the Philippine move, and, with China and Siam remaining neutral, India had only four supporters—Australia, Pakistan and Russia.—Reuter.

In the course of the first two debates, the Netherlands application went into the background besides the Philippine motion for a postponement—supported by the United States, Britain, France and The Netherlands.

"We are prepared, rightly or wrongly, to have the accession of Kashmir ratified by the will of the people,"

"It is the same with Hyderabad. Accession will be decided by the people themselves. If Hyderabad were an independent state, how would she provide for her defence and her communications?"

"There is no future for Hyderabad except in association with the Indian Union. States of a Government economic blockade of Hyderabad are completely unfounded."

FRENCH COLONIES

Discussing the position of French colonies in India, Mr Menon said he was sure the question would be solved by friendly consultation.

He commented: "The French have neither the means nor the desire to maintain anything by force."

"We have had preliminary talks with the Portuguese, too, and I hope to go to Lisbon in the near future. I do not see why, as with the French, there cannot be a friendly settlement with the Portuguese Government."

On the subject of the current sterling balances negotiations, the High Commissioner said: "We shall do everything to meet reasonable requests from the British side, and I have no doubt that the British will do the same. I think it is a question very largely of finding methods and of trying to see how these methods can be adjusted to our economy."

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